| Roll No.   | ( To be filled in by the   | candidate)                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
|  | (Academic Sessions 2019 – 2021 to 2021 – 2023)   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CHEMI  |  | e Allowed: 20 Minutes                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Q.FAFE   | R-II (Objective Type) GROUP-I PAPER CODE = 8487 $\angle IH2-12$  | -/-1?                                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Note: Four possible answers A, B, C and D to each question are given. The choice which you think is correct, |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| fill that circle in front of that question with Marker or Pen ink in the answer-book. Cutting or filling     |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1-1  | wo or more circles will result in zero mark in that question.  Which of these polymers is an addition polymer: |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1-1  |  | (D) E :                                 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2  | (A) Nylon – 6,6 (B) Polystyrene (C) Terylene Vinyl acetylene combines with $HC\ell$ to form:                   | (D) Epoxy resin                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | (D) D' ' 1                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3  | (A) Polyacetylene (B) Benzene (C) Chloroprene  | (D) Divinyl acetylene                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | The anhydride of $HC\ell O_4$ is:  (A) $C\ell O_2$ (B) $C\ell O_2$ (C) $C\ell_2 O_5$                           |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (4)  | (D) $C\ell_2O_7$                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| <u> </u>   | (A) Acid (B) Base (C) Acid as well as base   | (D) None of these                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5  | Benzene can not undergo:   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (A) Substitution reaction (B) Addition reaction  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (C) Oxidation reaction (D) Elimination reaction  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6  | Which of the following sulphate is not soluble in water:   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (A) Sodium sulphate (B) Potassium sulphate   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7  | (C) Zinc sulphate (D) Barium sulphate  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| /  | Phenol-formaldehyde resin is called:   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (A) Bakelite (B) Teflon (C) Orlon  | (D) Terylene                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8  | The state of hybridization of carbon atom in methane is:   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{ccccc} (A) & sp^3 & (B) & sp^2 & (C) & sp \end{array}$  | (D) dsp <sup>2</sup>                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9  | Which test is applied to detect amino acids:   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (A) Fehling's test (B) Iodoform test   | ļ                                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10   | (C) Ninhydrin test (D) Sodium nitroprusside test The oxides of metals are:                                     |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10   |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11   | (A) Acidic (B) Basic (C) Amphoteric  | (D) Neutral                             |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11   | Which one of the following is not nucleophile:   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (A) $H_2O$ (B) $H_2S$ (C) $BF_3$   | (D) $NH_3$                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12   | Tincal is a mineral of:  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (A) Al (B) B (C) Si  | (D) C                                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13   | Which is not a calcarious material:  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (A) Lime (B) Clay (C) Marble   | (D) Marine shell                        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14   | The carbon atom of a carboxyl group is:  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (A) sp - hybridized (B) sp <sup>2</sup> - hybridized   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (C) sp <sup>3</sup> - hybridized (D) None of these   |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15   | The residence time of NO in atmosphere is:   | *************************************** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (A) One day (B) Two days (C) Three days  | (D) Four days                           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16   | A double bond consists of:   |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (A) Two sigma bonds (B) One sigma and one pi bond  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (C) One sigma and two pi bonds (D) Two pi bonds  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17   | Laughing gas is chemically:  |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (A) $NO$ (B) $N_2O$ (C) $NO_2$   | (D) $N_2O_4$                            |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| (ol   | ll N           | No  | (To be filled in                             | by the candidate)                             |   |
|-------|----------------|---|--|---|---|
|       |                | (Academic Sessions 2019 MISTRY 223-1 <sup>st</sup> Annual-(IN R – II (Essay Type) GROUP – | 7 – 2021 to 2021 – 2023 )<br>TTER PART – II) | Time Allowed: 2.40 hours<br>Maximum Marks: 68 |   |
| 2 1   | <b>4 %</b> 7 . |   |  |   |   |
|       |                | rite short answers to any EIGHT (8) que Write down the chemistry of borax bead            |  | 16  | í |
|       | (ii)           |   |  |   |   |
|       | iii)           |   |  |   |   |
| `     | v)             |   | an:  |   |   |
| `.    | v)             |   | lled with 7n dust by givin                   | ng reaction                                   |   |
|       | vi)            | · ·   | and with 211 dust by givin                   | ing reaction.                                 |   |
| (v.   | ii)            |   |  |   |   |
| (vi   | ii)            | How polyvinyl acetate is formed? Write  | its equation.                                |   |   |
| (i    | x)             | Draw the structure of cholesterol.  |  | e e e   |   |
| (2    | x)             | Write down the equation, when suspende colloidal form in raw water.                       | d impurities are removed                     | in the  |   |
| (x    | i)             | Define acid rain.   |  |   |   |
| (xi   | ii)            | Mention the hazards of chloroform.  |  |   |   |
| 3. V  | Vri            | ite short answers to any EIGHT (8) que  | stions:                                      | 16  |   |
| (     | i)             | Give the two reactions for the preparation  | of $N_2O$ .                                  |   |   |
| (i    | i)             | Write down four uses of HNO <sub>3</sub> .  | * .  | y   |   |
| (ii   | i)             | Give the reactions of $H_2SO_4$ with: (a)   | NaCl (b) KNO <sub>3</sub>                    |   |   |
| (iv   | <b>v</b> )     | Convert CH <sub>4</sub> into formaldehyde by cata   | lytic oxidation.                             |   |   |
| (v    | <i>i</i> )     | Define Markownikov's rule. Give an exa  | mple.  |   |   |
| (vi   | i) •           | Prepare ozonide from ethene.  |  |   |   |
| (vii  | i)             | Name two main factors which govern rea  | ctivity of R-X bond in alk                   | yl halides.                                   |   |
| (viii | i)             | Define nucleophile. Give two examples.  |  |   |   |
| (ix   | ()             | What is vital force theory?   |  |   |   |
| (x    | .) .           | What are heterocyclic organic compounds   | ? Give two examples.                         |   |   |
| (xi   | ()             | Write down four essential qualities of a go   | ood fertilizer.                              |   |   |
| (xii  | i)             | Write down two chemical reactions involved  | ved in the preparation of u                  | rea.  |   |
| ı. W  | rit            | te short answers to any SIX (6) question  | s :  | 12  |   |
| (i    | )              | Complete and balance the following chem $KMnO_4 + FeSO_4 + H_2SO_4 \rightarrow$           | ical equation:                               |   |   |
| (ii   |                | Give systematic names of the following (a) $K_2[Cu(CN)_4]$ (b) $K_2[PtC\ell_4]$           |  |   |   |
| (iii  | )              | What is meant by "central metal ion"? E   | xplain with one example.                     |   |   |
| (iv)  | )              | How are ethene and diethyl ether produced   | from ethyl alcohol?                          |   |   |
| (v)   | ) ]            | Explain Lucas test.   |  | 1   |   |
|       |                |   | (7.  | Furn Over)                                    |   |

(i) Ethyl alcohol.

(ii) Ethane. (iii) Sodium acetate. (iv) Acetic anhydride

(A) Acidic oxide (B) Basic oxide (C) Amphoteric oxide

According to Lewis concept ethers behave as:

(B) Base

Alkane nitriles can be converted into carboxylic acids by:

16

17

(A) Acid

(A) Hydration

(C) Acid as well as a base

(D) None of these

(D) None of these

| Roll N      | No ( To be filled   | in by the candidate)     |
|-------------|---|--------------------------|
| 1.5         | (Academic Sessions 2019 – 2021 to 2021 – 2023 MISTRY  223-1 <sup>st</sup> Annual-(INTER PART – II)  GROUP – II  SECTION – I | Time Allowed: 2.40 hours |
| 2. Wı       | rite short answers to any EIGHT (8) questions:  | 16                       |
| (i)         |   |                          |
| (ii)        |   |                          |
| (iii)       |   |                          |
| (iv)        |   | tion.                    |
| (v)         |   |                          |
| (vi)        | Why is nitro group meta-directing?  | •                        |
| (vii)       | What is meant by addition polymerization? Give an example.  |                          |
| (viii)      | Give structures of the monomers of polyvinyl chloride and poly  | styrene.                 |
| (ix)        | What is the difference between oligosaccharides and polysaccha  | rides?                   |
| (x)         | How is quality of raw water improved by aeration process?   |                          |
| (xi)        |   |                          |
| (xii)       |   |                          |
|             | rite short answers to any EIGHT (8) questions:  | 16                       |
| (i)<br>(ii) |   |                          |
| (iii)       |   |                          |
| (iv)        |   |                          |
| (v)         | What are epoxides? How these are prepared from alkene?  Give nitration reaction of methane.                                 |                          |
| ` '         |   | *                        |
|             | How does conc. $H_2SO_4$ reacts with "C and S"?   |                          |
| (V11)       | Give the effect of heat on $H_3PO_4$ .  |                          |
| (viii)      | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |                          |
| (ix)        | Define leaving group. Give some examples.   | w .                      |
| (x)         | Convert $C_2H_5MgBr$ into ethane.   |                          |
| (xi)        | What are fertilizers? Why they are needed?  |                          |
| (xii)       | Mention raw materials used for cement.  |                          |
| 4. Wri      | ite short answers to any SIX (6) questions:   | 12                       |
| (i)         | Define the terms: (a) Coordination sphere. (b) Ligand.  |                          |
| (ii)        | Give the systematic names to following complexes:<br>(a) $[Fe(H_2O)_6]^{2+}$ (b) $Na_3[CoF_6]$                              |                          |
| (iii)       | What is sacrificial corrosion?  |                          |
| (iv)        | How will you distinguish between alcohol and phenol?  |                          |
| (v)         | How will you convert methanol into ethanol?   |                          |
|             |   | (Turn Over)              |

|  | •   |   | ٠.  |   | 7.  |  | ٠  |  | Ņ  | 6                            |              |                                   |   |  | 4  |                 |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|-----------------|
| <u>B</u>   | (a)   | (b)   | (a)   | (b)   | (a)   | (b)  | (a)  | <b>(b)</b>   | (a)  | Note:                        |              | (ix)                              | (viii)  | (vii)  | (vi)   |                 |
| (b) Write the mechanism of ester formation by using carboxylic acid and ethanol. | Describe mechanism of reaction of aldehyde (having no $\alpha$ -hydrogen) in which both oxidation and reduction takes place simultaneously. | By using Grignard reagent prepare : (i) Primary alcohol. (ii) Carboxylic acids. | What is polymerization? Describe the linear and cyclic polymerization of alkynes. | Explain Friedel-Crafts alkylation of benzene alongwith its mechanism. | What is functional group? Give three examples of oxygen containing functional groups. | What is setting of cement? Give the reaction taking place in 1 <sup>st</sup> 24 hours. | Give any four applications of noble gases. | How is sodium metal prepared by Down's cell? Explain it. | Describe the metallic and non-metallic character of elements in the modern periodic table. | Attempt any THREE questions. | SECTION - II | What is the strecker's synthesis? | Give the mechanism of addition of HCN to acetone. | How are ketones oxidized by $K_2Cr_2O_7/H_2SO_4$ ? | Why ethanol has higher boiling point than diethyl ether? | (2) LHV-12-2-23 |